

World Geography**You will be able to:**

Name and locate on a map the countries that form the British Isles.

Be able to locate a range of physical and human features to include: capital cities, at least 5 other major cities within the British Isles and a number of named upland areas, major rivers and bodies of water.

Know that the world is divided up into continents and oceans and be able to locate these on a world map without the aid of an atlas.

Know the names of the major lines of longitude and latitude and locate these on a world map. Be able to use longitude and latitude to locate places using an atlas.

Know that the UK lies within Europe and name a number of other European countries, their capital cities and the main physical landscape features without the aid of an atlas.

Understand the difference between a political and physical map of the world and name a range of key features in different continents.

These should include; mountain ranges, rivers, deserts and lakes and important world countries and their capital cities. e.g. BRICS. (Brazil, Russia, India, China, South Africa.)

Settlement**You will be able to:**

Describe a settlement using key geographical vocabulary linked to size, shape, type and function. This should be from a range of geographical sources including an O.S. map.

Understand what is meant by a hierarchy and describe how the West Midlands hierarchy changes at each stage.

Draw and describe an accurate and appropriate graph that shows changes over time and suggest predictions for projected changes in the future.

Assess the environmental quality of an area and explain how and why it might need to be improved, justifying choices.

Explain how traffic can be managed in an urban area, using a recognised traffic management technique from a city in the British Isles.

O.S. Map Skills**You will be able to:**

Use a map key to identify a wide range of point, line and area symbols.

Know the 8 points of a compass and use these to give directions on a map.

Describe landforms using contour lines and compare the relief of two contrasting areas on a map.

Use a range of map skills to describe a location.

Use thematic maps at different scales and locations to compare their features.

China**You will be able to:**

Locate China on a world map and describe its location using geographical language.

Distinguish the difference between human and physical features and name some examples of these from photographs and map sources.

Produce a mind map that categorises China's main physical and human features, using independent research.

Understand using relevant data how China's population has changed over time and describe how China has tried to slow its population growth. Analyse the success of this scheme.

Explain the impact of China's rapid economic development on its people and the environment.

Explain the consequences of building dams to control rivers on people and the environment.

World Geography**You will be able to:**

Name and locate on a map the countries that form the British Isles.

Locate a range of physical and human features to include: capital cities, at least 4 other major cities within the British Isles and a number of named upland areas and major rivers.

Know that the world is divided up into continents and oceans and locate these on a world map without the aid of an atlas.

Know the names of the major lines of longitude and latitude and locate these on a world map.

Know that the UK lies within Europe and be able to name a number of other European countries and their capital cities without the aid of an atlas.

Understand the difference between a political and physical map of the world and be able to name a range of key features in different continents. These should include; mountain ranges, rivers, deserts and lakes and important world countries e.g BRICS (Brazil, Russia, India, China, South Africa)

O.S Map skills**You will be able to:**

Use a map key to identify a wide range of point, line and area symbols.

Know the 8 points of a compass and use these to give directions on a map.

Describe landforms using contour lines.

Use a range of map skills to describe a location.

Use thematic maps at different scales to compare locations and their features.

Settlement**You will be able to:**

Describe a settlement using key geographical vocabulary linked to size, shape, type and function.

Understand what is meant by a hierarchy and describe how the hierarchy changes at each stage.

Draw and describe an accurate and appropriate graph that shows changes over time.

Assess the environmental quality of an area and explain how and why it might need to be improved.

Explain how traffic can be managed in an urban area using a recognised traffic management technique from a city in the British Isles.

China**You will be able to:**

Locate China on a world map and describe its location using geographical language.

Distinguish the difference between human and physical features and name some examples of these from photographs and map sources.

Produce a mind map that categorises China's main physical and human features.

Understand that China has a large and growing population and describe how China has tried to slow its population growth. Explain some of the problems of this scheme.

Explain the impact of China's rapid economic development on its people or the environment.

Explain the consequences of building dams to control rivers on people and the environment.

World Geography**You are able to:**

Name and locate on a map the countries that form the British Isles.

Locate the capital cities and at least 4 other major cities within the British Isles.

Know that the world is divided up into continents and oceans and locate these on a world map without the aid of an atlas.

Label the equator and the tropics of Cancer and Capricorn as the zero line of latitude on a world map.

Know that the UK lies within Europe and name a number of other European countries and their capital cities some of which should be without the aid of an atlas.

Understand the difference between a political and physical map of the world and name a range of key features in different continents.

O.S. Map skills**You are able to:**

Use a map key to identify a wide range of common symbols.

Know the 4 main points of a compass and use these to give directions on a map.

Use a four figure grid reference to locate a place or feature.

Describe height on maps using spot heights and contour lines.

Use a thematic map and its key to describe a range of features about a location.

Settlement**You are able to:**

Describe a settlement using key geographical vocabulary.

Understand what is meant by a hierarchy and label the different levels of the hierarchy.

Draw an accurate and appropriate graph to show changes over time.

Assess the environmental quality of an area and devise a plan to make improvements for that area.

Explain how traffic can be managed in an urban area.

China**You are able to:**

Locate China on a world map and describe its location using geographical language.

Distinguish the difference between human and physical features and name some examples of these from photographs and map sources.

Understand that China has a large and growing population and describe how China has tried to slow its population growth.

Describe some of the problems caused by China's rapid economic development.

Explain at least one positive and one negative consequence of building dams to control rivers.

World Geography**You will be able to:**

Name and locate on a map the countries that form the British Isles.

Locate 6 major cities within the British Isles.

Know that the world is divided up into continents and oceans and locate these on a world map with the aid of an atlas.

Label the equator as the zero line of latitude on a world map.

Know that the UK lies within Europe and name a number of other European countries and their capital cities, using an atlas, locate these on a base map.

Understand the difference between a political and physical map of the world and name a range of key features

O.S. Map Skills**You will be able to:**

Know that different types of maps are used for different purposes.

Use a map key to identify some common symbols.

Know the four main points of a compass.

Use a four figure grid reference to locate a place or feature.

Know that the height on maps is shown by spot heights and contour lines.

Use a thematic map and its key to describe a location.

Settlement**You will be able to:**

Know the meaning of the term settlement and describe the features of different types of settlement.

Recognise the shape of a settlement and describe it using geographical language.

Describe how a settlement might change over time.

Draw a simple graph to show changes over time.

Assess the environmental quality of an area and devise a plan to make improvements for that area.

China**You will be able to:**

Locate China on a world map.

Describe the location of China using geographical language.

Distinguish the difference between human and physical features and name some examples of these from photographs and map sources.

Understand that China has a large and growing population and describe how China has tried to slow its population growth.

Describe some of the problems caused by China's rapid economical development